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GEOGRAPHY

MA/MSc. II

In MA/MSc. final year of geography there shall be four theory paper carrying 100 marks each and one practical cum field work carrying 100 marks. First and second papers are compulsory and third & fourth paper's has following group of papers. Students have to choose anyone of them. Students have to pass theory and practical separately. Passing marks in theory and practical is 36%.

Paper I Regional Geography of India 100 marks

Paper II Climatology and Oceanology 100 marks

Third paper-select any one out of following :

Paper IIIA Agricultural Geography 100 marks

Paper IIIB Bio-Geography 100 marks

Paper IIIC Commerical Geography 100 marks

Paper IIID Natural Resource management 100 marks

Paper IIIE Social Geography 100 marks

Paper III F Remote Sensing and Photogrammetry 100 marks

Fourth paper-select any one out of the following :

Paper IVA Geography of Rural Settlements 100 marks

Paper IVB Geography of Tourism 100 marks

Paper IVC Political Geography 100 marks

Paper IVD Urban Geography 100 marks

Paper IVE Transport Geography 100 marks

Paper IV F Geographical Information System 100 marks

Practical 100 marks

Practical based on papers opted as III & IV having 50 marks each. Student may submit idssertation in place of Third or fourth paper's practical. Evaluation of dissertation will be done by extenal and internal examinees.

Paper I — Regional Geography of India

- A. Geology and Physiography - Origin of Himalaya, Origin of River system
Delimitation and characteristics of Physiography, Climatic, Agro-climatic
Regions, soil regions and Natural Vegetation Regions.
- B. Population and Resource - Spatial aspects of growth and distribution of
population, population regions, population problems, mineral resource regions,
Power resources regions, population resource region, pattern of
resource utilization.
- C. Economic Regionalization - Agriculture, development, Impact of Green
Revolution, Agricultural Regions, Industrial Policies and Trend of
Industrialization, Industrial Regions, Industrial complexes, Problems and
Prospects of Industrially Backward regions.
- D. Infrastructure and Development - Transport Network - Rail, Road, Inland
waterways, Marketing, Banking in Indian Economy, Regional development
policies in five-year planes, Impact of Globalization, Regional Pattern of
Development their causes and consequents
- E. Geographical Regionalization of India - Regionalization by state, state and R.I.
Singh: Geographical conditions, resource base, pattern of economic, development,
problems and prospects of Kashmir Himalaya, Rajasthan Plain, Middle Ganga
Valley, Gujrat region, Malwa Plateau and Bramhmputra valley.

SUGGESTED READING :-

1. Centre for Science & Environment (1998) State of India's
Environment, New Delhi.
2. Deshpande C.D. India a Regional Interpretation ICSSR & Northern
Book Centre, 1992.
3. Misra, J.P. : Bharat Ka Bhoogol, University Road Faizabad.
4. Kundu A Raza Indian Economy : the Regional
Mooinis Dimensions. Spectrum Publishers, New Delhi,
1982.
5. Robins Francis The Cambridge Encyclopedia of India
Pakistan, Bangladesh, Nepal, Bhutan, &
Maldives, Cambridge University Press
London, 1989.
6. Singh R L (ed) India A regional Geography. National
geographical Society, India. Varansi, 1971
7. Spate OHK & A. T. Leammonth- India & Pakistan Methuen, London,
1967.
8. T. R. & Gopal Krishna, Emerging India Reprinted by Rawat
Publications. Jaipur, 1986.

**GEOGRAPHY
MA/MSc. Part II**

PAPER II CLIMATOLOGY & OCEANOGRAPHY CLIMATOLOGY

Unit 1 : Nature and scope of climatology and its relationship with Meteorology. Composition, mass and structure of the atmosphere.

Insolation heat balance of the earth, green house effect; vertical and horizontal distribution of temperature. Atmospheric motion

: Forces controlling motion of air distribution and vorticity, local winds jet stream, general circulation in the atmosphere;

Atmospheric moisture : Humidity, evaporation, condensation, precipitation : formation, types, acid rain, world pattern of precipitation.

Unit 2 : Tropical, temperate and high latitude weather systems-concept of air masses and atmospheric disturbance, ocean atmospheric interaction- El Nino, southern Oscillation (ENSO) and La Nina, monsoon winds, Norwesters and cyclones Tropical Temperate Phenomena, climate of India and its controls: western disturbances.

Unit 3 : Climatic classification of Koppen, and thornthwaite. Major climates of the world Tropical, Temperate, Desert and mountain climate.

Unit 4 : Climatic changes : Evidences, Possible causes; global warming, environmental impacts and society's response.

Unit 5 : Applied climatology : Data Collection, Archiving, accessing, interpretation and generation of climatic information specially for water balance studies. Soils, agriculture activities, house types and health.

OCEANOGRAPHY

Unit 1 : nature and scope of the oceanography-History of oceanography; distribution of land and water, major features of ocean basins; continental margin and deep-ocean basins : earth structure and plate tectonics; marine sediments.

Unit 2 : Physical and chemical properties of sea water, interlink between atmospheric circulation and circulation patterns in the oceans, surface currents; thermohaline, wave and tides.

Unit 3 : Marine bio-logical environment : bio-geochemical cycles in the ocean, biozones, types of Organism : plankton, Nekton and benthos, food mineral resources of the sea.

